

ROUNDTABLE MEETING
CHINA'S 12TH FIVE YEAR PLAN AND LOW CARBON INDUSTRIALISATION
28 February 2012, 13:30-17:30
Sheraton Ankara, Room Gerbera

The objective of the meeting: London-based think-tank E3G and REC Turkey, with financial support from the British Embassy in Ankara, will be hosting meetings to inform Turkish policy-makers, businesses and civil society organisations regarding China's 12th five year plan and its strategy to move to a low carbon development pathway. This would aim to establish an informal dialogue between Chinese and Turkish officials, private sector and academics. This dialogue would enable sharing lessons learnt and testing innovative examples of transitioning to a low carbon economy within the context of Turkey's forthcoming 10th five year development plan and the implementation of its Industrial Strategy and National Climate Action Plan.

Draft agenda:

13:30-14:00	Registration	
14:00-14:30	Opening and introduction	Nick Mabey, E3G Peter Spoor, Political Chancellor, Head of Global Issues, British Embassy Ankara Sibel Sezer Eralp, REC Turkey Ambassador Mithat Rende, Ministry of Foreign Affairs
14:30-15:30	Panel I	China's 12th five year plan and strategic vision for low carbon development: risks and opportunities China has made key strategic decisions in its 12 th five year plan to move toward a low carbon economy. Its recent five year plan placed low carbon and clean energy industries at the heart of China's forward strategy for growth, competitiveness and industrial modernisation. This panel will aim to provide insight into why China has adopted such strategy regarding its future. Chair: Nick Mabey, E3G Panelists: Dr. Wang Jinzhao, Development Research Council (DRC), State Council

		Bernice Lee, Chatham House
		Q&A and roundtable discussion
15:30-15:45	Coffee break	
15:45-17:15	Panel II	Low carbon industrialisation and innovation strategy and policies
		In order to deliver energy security, industrial competitiveness and increase innovation, technology development and deployment rate, China has taken various critical decisions. Implementation of these decisions offer many opportunities but also faces significant challenges. In the years ahead, China will aim to realise these decisions through efficiency targets, large scale public investment for low carbon infrastructure, a focus on technology development and innovation, and new regional governance structures (e.g. 'low carbon zones' and emissions trading).
	Chair:	Sibel Sezer Eralp, REC Turkey
	Panelists:	Xing Jijun, Ministry of Science and Technology (MOST)
		Q&A and roundtable discussion
17:15-17:30	Wrap-up and closing	Nick Mabey and Sibel Sezer Eralp
18:00-19:30	Cocktail prolonge	

The meeting will be held under Chatham House rules to enable free and open speech between participants.

We will provide English-Turkish and Chinese-Turkish simultaneous translation throughout the meeting.

The participation is limited to 30 people. Please confirm your attendance by **20 February** the latest with Pelin Zorlu pelin.zorlu@e3g.org or Gülçin Özsoy gulcin.ozsoy@rec.org.tr.

SHORT BIOGRAPHIES OF SPEAKERS:



Xing Jijun is the Deputy Director-General of China Science and Technology Exchanges Center, at the Ministry of Science and Technology. Previously, Xing served in the, then, State Ministry of Petroleum, the Department of International Cooperation in the Ministry of Science and Technology (formerly known as the State Science and Technology Commission) successively as Program Officer for Asian and African Affairs, Second Secretary for the Chinese Embassy in Norway, Deputy Director for North-West European Affairs, First Secretary for the Chinese Embassy in the Netherlands, Director for Asian and African Affairs, and Director for European Affairs.



Dr. Wang Jinzhao is the Division Chief of the Industrial Economics Research Department, the Development Research Center (DRC) of the State Council. He is a leading member and the coordinator of the Low Carbon Industrialisation Task Force of the China Council on International Cooperation on Environment and Development. Dr. Wang has also worked on a range of issues related to energy policies and industrial policies in China.



Bernice Lee is the Research Director Energy, Environment and Resource Governance at Chatham House, UK. She has extensive experience in trade and climate change, resource scarcity, low carbon growth for emerging economies, China and climate security. She is also an advisor to the Low Carbon Industrialisation Task Force of the China Council on International Cooperation on Environment and Development. Previously, she worked at the International Centre for Trade and Sustainable Development (ICTSD) in Geneva, International Institute for Environment and Development in the UK and the UN Secretary-General's office in New York.



Nick Mabey is the founder and CEO of E3G. He was previously a senior policy advisor in the UK Prime Minister's Strategy Unit under Tony Blair leading work on national and international policy areas, including: energy, climate change, countries at risk of instability, organised crime and fisheries. Nick also worked at the UK Foreign and Commonwealth Office's Environment Policy Department, and was the FCO lead for the Johannesburg Summit in 2002.



Dr. Sibel Sezer Eralp, is the REC's regional director for Turkey and the Black Sea and is also director of the REC's country office in Turkey. She previously worked for Procter & Gamble, the Global Environment Facility Black Sea Environmental Programme in Istanbul as an environmental economist, and at UNDP Turkey as director of the National Programme on Environment and Development.